

Year 5/6 Knowledge Organiser – How did The Romans rule?



Glossary

1	Aqueduct	A manmade channel used for delivering water to Roman towns
2	Barbarian	A term used by the Romans to refer to people outside the Roman Empire
3	Boudicca	Led an uprising against the occupying force of the Roman Empire
4	Century	A division of the Roman army made up of 100 soldiers and led by a Centurion
5	Colosseum	Large amphitheatre in the centre of Rome
6	Conquer	To overcome and take control
7	Emperor	The leader of an Empire
8	Gladiator	A person who fought for the entertainment of Roman audiences
9	Iceni Tribe	A Celtic tribe led by Boudicca into a rebellion against the Romans
10	Mosaics	Pictures or patterns produced by arranging together small pieces of stone
11	Pantheon	Most influential Roman temple
12	Rebellion	People joining together to fight against a certain group



The Pont du Gard is an ancient Roman aqueduct bridge in France built in the first century AD to carry water over 50 kilometres (31 miles) to the Roman colony Nîmes.



The Colosseum, built in Rome, is the largest amphitheatre ever built. It could hold, it is estimated, between 50,000 and 80,000 spectators and was used for gladiatorial contests



Links to Other Units	You should already know:
Y1 Around the World Y3 United Kingdom Y4 Rivers over Time Y4 Ancient Egypt Y4 Aztecs	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> the countries of Europe about the Ancient Egypt and Aztec civilisations that civilisations and Empires are often formed through conflict

Year 5/6 Knowledge Organiser – How did The Romans rule?

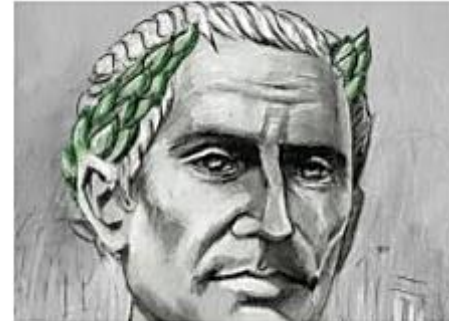
Roman Timeline

55 BC	Julius Caesar heads first Roman Invasion but later withdraws
44 BC	Julius Caesar is murdered in Rome
43 AD	Romans invade Britain and it becomes part of the Roman Empire
50 AD	London is founded
61 AD	Boudicca leads the Iceni in revolt against the Romans
70 AD	The Romans conquer Wales and the North
76 AD	The Emperor Hadrian is born
80 AD	The Colosseum of Rome is built
122—128 AD	Emperor Hadrian builds a wall on the Scottish border
140 AD	The Romans conquer Scotland
401 – 410 AD	The Romans withdraw from Britain: Anglo-Saxon migrants begin to settle

Stretching 73 miles from coast to coast, Hadrian's Wall was built to guard the wild north-west frontier of the Roman Empire



Julius Caesar



- Caesar began his military career at the Siege of Mytilene in 81 BC
- From the start, he was considered a brave soldier
- Bribery brought him into power
- Advancing the power and glory of Rome was always his aim
- Julius Caesar first landed in Britain on August 26th, 55 BC, but it was almost another hundred years before the Romans actually conquered Britain in AD 43.
- Caesar was murdered by up to 60 men

The Great inventions of Ancient Rome

- Roman Numerals
- Roman Baths
- Modern Plumbing and Sanitary Management
- Using Arches to Build Structures
- The Aqueducts: one of the Most Advanced Construction of Their Time
- Roman Roads
- Surgical Tools
- Military strategies

